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The Egyptian Gazette

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THE ENGLISH DAILY NEWSPAPER.
ESTABLISHED 1880.
Editor and Manager: R. SNELLING.
Price: ONE PIASTRE TARIFF.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1907.

GORKI AND THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION.

Gorki, the Russian novelist, whose life is an epitome of Russian social conditions, has a three-column letter in the "Nation" of June 22, on "England and the Russian Revolution."
"You ask for my opinion concerning the intended entente cordiale with Russia, and the desire of the Russian Government to borrow money in England; you also wish to know what I consider would be the effect of such an entente on civilisation in Russia."
"I should like you to consider," says Gorki, "these questions from the point of view of men who are convinced that human reason will finally triumph over animal instinct, still far too powerful in contemporary European society."

That point of view cannot surely be foreign and incomprehensible to England, a nation of an ancient civilisation, and to Englishmen so proud of their love of justice.

"The position in Russia to-day is as follows: your future ally, oh! you English, you who are so proud of your ancient civilisation, is drenched from head to foot in the blood of the Russian people. He is struggling with all his might, and without discrimination, to attain complete autocratic power, and to uphold a form of government which has clearly grown old. Spiritual and economic progress are at a standstill in the land. The autocratic form of government is only useful and convenient to the Tsar, because it gives him unlimited power, and to the bureaucracy, because it enables them to rob without limit and without control.

"The people have very little education, but they begin to understand the value of knowledge, and are greedy for it. The people are struggling for freedom to learn; the Tsar for freedom to rule, and the bureaucracy for freedom to steal. The worn-out, the old, and the sick are contending with the young, who promise to invest their all in the peaceful treasury of mind and spirit. The struggle is of general European importance. If the Government temporarily conquers, a hearth will exist at your doors round which all sorts of catastrophes will gather, the moral influence of which will undoubtedly be hurtful to the development of civilisation in Europe.

"Britons! you have a choice to make. Will you support the tyrant with his satellites, and their anti-civilising plans, or will you support the growing young democracy, capable of life and rich in the strength of its spirit!

"The struggle will undoubtedly last long, and will end either in the formation of a great Russian democracy, or in the complete ruin of Russia as a political entity. I am, of course, aware that the cause of the people will not be espoused; such a thing, it seems, has not yet occurred in history, and is not likely to occur. Indeed, Governments help each other to keep the people in subjection.

"But right will triumph in the end. I myself believe in the victory of justice; I believe in the power of the Russian people; and Russia will, I think, either become the best democracy in Europe, or she will crumble and break in pieces, like unhappy Poland."

"But I hear you exclaim: 'You have your Duma; you have a constitution, it is now surely possible to attain your ends by legitimate means.'"

"It seems to me hardly worth while to talk seriously about this. In the first place, the Duma is crippled, feeble, and powerless, and will undoubtedly be soon dissolved. When the Emperor a few weeks ago received a deputation of the Black Hundred, he said to one of the delegates who had earned an unequipped reputation for himself on account of his indiscreet behaviour in the Duma: 'I wish all the deputies in the Duma were like you.'"

"I would ask those Englishmen who are in favour of this alliance: 'With whom do you wish to make an alliance? There are two Russias. The one, the Emperor Nicolas, the bureaucracy, and the 'Union of the Russian People'—some ten thousand of the lowest classes, led by evil and ruthless people; the other, about a hundred million Slavs, and about fifty millions belonging to the other nationalities which compose the Russian Empire. All this mass with one accord hates the Tsar and all those who are with him and those who are for him.'"

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LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Housing Government Employees.

The Railway Administration is considering the construction of houses for their employees.

Al Azhar University.

A summer holiday from August 1 to November 16 is to be given to the students of Al Azhar University.

Copies of Deeds.

The Council of Ministers has decided to reduce the tariff for the expenses of copying deeds from P.T. 40 to P.T. 20.

The Brindisi Mail.

The mail from Europe via Brindisi and Port Said (P and O) will be distributed at the Alexandria Post Office at half past four this afternoon.

Continental Hotel Concerts.

The Wednesday evening military concerts held on the terrace of the Grand Continental Hotel, Cairo, will not take place until further notice.

A Sign of the Times.

Such is the dearth of money at the present time that we learn on good authority a mortgage on excellent property in Cairo was concluded recently at 24 per cent.

Holy Land School.

The Franciscan Fathers wish to inform the public that the distribution of prizes at the Marina School will take place on the 3rd October. The school will reopen after the summer holidays on Monday, September 16th.

Cairo's Water Supply.

The Government, in combination with the Cairo Water Company, are arranging for the engagement of an international commission, consisting of English, French and German members, to analyse the water of the artesian wells and report thereon.

Rodah Water Supply.

The Island of Rodah is now included in the concession to the Cairo Water Company, which has reduced its tariff from 8 to 6 millèmes per cubic metre. The installation of the new service will be commenced immediately.

Sudden Deaths.

A young girl, aged 7 years, suddenly fell down dead from heart failure while crossing Sharia Abbas yesterday. Her body was conveyed to hospital for purposes of post mortem examination. In a similar way a native agent of secret police dropped down dead in Sharia Chamerghy, Shoubra, while holding conversation with his captain, Ali Abou Gabal.

Ambassador's Embarrassed.

The Hague Conference does not seem to bring about any very important results. The question of languages is the principal obstacle to an easy understanding between the numerous ambassadors. It is more and more necessary, in careers, to know thoroughly several foreign languages. The Berlitz School, 1 Sharia Kamel, 12 rue Rosette Alexandria, and at the Carlton, Hotel, Ramleh. [Adv.]

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Youssef Bey Cussa, son of the late Franco Pasha, who has been appointed Governor of the Lebanon in succession to the late Muzaffer Pasha, has occupied many important posts in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs at Stamboul. Youssef Bey, who is about 50 years, has been popular throughout his official career, and has the great advantage of knowing thoroughly several languages.

Mustapha Pasha Ibadhi will return from leave on September 19.

Mohamed Shoukri Pasha, Mudir of Menoufi, is leaving for Europe to-day and will return on the 9th October.

Dr. Abbate Pasha left for Syria yesterday with his daughter Mrs. Vernon Jarvis, and will return to Cairo early in August.

Miralai T. Schaleh Bey, Commandant of the Suez Canal Police, will go on leave for 2½ months, dating from the 17th instant.

It is said that Moussa Pasha Ghaleb, ex-director of the El Wadi tefish, will succeed Rachid Pasha Mohamed as member of the Legislative Council.

The following officers of the Egyptian Army are on leave and will return on the undermentioned dates:—Miralai Owen Bey, C.M.G., Director of Intelligence and Sudan Agent, October 10; Kaimakam Drury Bey, Controller, Harbours and Lights, November 5; Kaimakam Brakenridge Bey, Medical Corps, September 15; Bimbashi Hills, Department of Supplies, September 17; Bimbashi Hamilton, attached Bahr El Ghazal District, September 17; Bimbashi Coke, 10th Sudanese, September 17.

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BULKELEY (near Alexandria) half way to San Stefano

RAMLEH'S FASHIONABLE HOTEL.

Full Pension P.T. 50 a day with Monthly Terms

Visitors from Cairo might at this Hotel.

Restaurant Lunch, P.T. 15. — Dinner, P.T. 20.

Proprietor, O. AQUILINA, (late of The Cook & S.

EGYPTIAN ESTATES LIMITED.

SATISFACTORY REPORT.

(Gazette's Special Service.)

London, Wednesday.

The Egyptian Estates Limited has just issued its annual report for the year ending on the 31st March last. The report on the twelve months' working shows that the profits have amounted to £178,000. £63,700 have been placed to the reserve fund and £15,000 to the special reserve fund, thus leaving £100,000 as net profits. The board of directors do not propose paying any further dividend for the present, an interim dividend of five per cent having been paid a few months ago.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company will be held on the 26th inst.

Arrangements are now being made for a new issue of debentures.

EGYPTIAN MOTOR TRACTION COMPANY.

THE QUESTION OF LIQUIDATION.

It is curious that while motor buses seem to do so well in Cairo and are such a familiar feature in the streets of the Capital, yet at Alexandria the Egyptian Motor Traction Company has had to withdraw its buses and the company will hold a meeting on Tuesday next, the 16th inst., to decide as to whether it should go into liquidation.

The Company was established in 1906 under Egyptian law to provide a motor omnibus service for Alexandria and the district. The capital consisted of 15,000 shares of £4 each and there were 1,200 founders shares of no denomination. The directors were E. Delta, E. Giglio, N. Paraskevass, Alfred Soares and Clement Soares. The managing director was A. Kempner.

BOURSE AND BANKING COMPANY. LIMITED.

We continue to receive correspondence on the subject of the position of the above unfortunate undertaking. We, however, refrain from publishing further criticisms in the hope that the members of the board of directors will be able to arrive at a decision, which will not jeopardise the interests of their shareholders.

EGYPTIAN CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED.

The well-known firm of Grant, Bondi and Chinn, branch of the Egyptian Constructions Limited, has secured the contract for the new system of drainage at the new reformatory at Ghizeh. This class of work is quite new for this country and must be most interesting. Engineers and specialists interested will be given free access to see the work in progress.

NEW EGYPTIAN COMPANY.

The London correspondent of a Cairo Contemporary states that a company has been formed in Hull, with a capital of £1,000 in £1 shares, for the purpose of acquiring the Egyptian branch of the confectionery business of White and Son, Limited, of Hull, to undertake in Egypt, the Sudan, and elsewhere the representation and agency for manufacturers, exporters and merchants, etc. The directors (not less than two nor more than seven) are: W. L. White, T. L. White, J. D. White, and W. L. White, jun. The registered offices of the Company, which is styled White and Son (Egypt), Limited, are in Cumberland Street, Hull.

THE SULTAN'S HEALTH.

Sheikh Aly Youssef, the editor and proprietor of "Al Moayad", who is now at Constantinople, states that the health of the Sultan is excellent and that he was simply suffering from cold and pains in the kidneys last winter. He heard the Khedive declare in Constantinople that he never saw the Sultan in a better state of health than he now is.

CAIRO STATION BUFFET.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE."

Sir,—Referring to the article headed "Cairo Station" which appeared in your issue of the 2nd instant, I beg to inform you that a three years' lease of the Cairo Station buffet was granted to the present tenant on January 1st 1906, and has not yet been renewed.

Yours faithfully,
K.R.N. SPINA.

Cairo, July 8, 1907.

[In publishing the above dementi to the rumour that the lease of the Cairo Station buffet had been renewed for three years, we would remark that we trust that the Administration will see their way to supplying as soon as possible a restaurant and café for the use of first class passengers, as we consider the present buffet altogether inadequate. Ed. E.G.]

SAVOY PALACE HOTEL.

The Administration of the Savoy Palace Hotel at Alexandria requests us to announce that it has decided to close the hotel from June 15 to October 1. [Adv.]

PLAGUE IN ALEXANDRIA.

THREE HOTEL CASES.

A considerable sensation was caused in Alexandria yesterday afternoon by the news that three cases of plague, one of which has proved fatal, had occurred in the Hotel de la Poste, situated in the Post Office Street. Referring to the plague bulletin issued by the Quarantine Board for the period from midday yesterday to midday to-day, we find that there have been 5 fresh cases, and 1 death, 1 old case in this town being still under treatment, thus making 7 in all, and it is a notable fact that all of these cases are Europeans.

Since the first of January there have been in all 32 cases of plague, of which 16 have proved fatal, 11 have been cured, and five remain under treatment.

Of the recent cases which we report, one was an Austrian, who was admitted to hospital on the 8th inst. and succumbed to the malady, and one a Belgian engineer, who was taken to hospital yesterday and is in a precarious condition. Both these cases occurred in the Hotel de la Poste, where there had already been one case reported on the 7th inst. The unfortunate man who has met his death from this terrible disease was proprietor of the hotel, Pierre Agulhon, by name. The deceased was 64 years of age. He died at one o'clock yesterday morning, and the funeral took place at 6 p.m. the same day.

Of the other cases recorded, one is that of a woman living near Rue Anastasi, and two are Russian Jews, one of whom had been working in a shop behind the Hotel de la Poste. Needless to say, yesterday afternoon the Quarantine authorities took the usual steps to isolate the infected hotel, and, being in so central a position, crowds were soon attracted to stand round and gaze. Those living in the hotel were placed in a most awkward predicament. None were allowed out, and those who were out were refused entry, so that their business was sadly interfered with.

One most awkward case which has come to our knowledge is that of Mr. Bert Platt, the popular American musical comedian, now billed on the programme of the Tour Eiffel. Returning to his hotel in the afternoon Mr. Platt was refused admission, but on protest was conducted to his room by a police officer. The authorities, however, refused to allow him to take his clothes away before they had been disinfected. Mr. Platt then left the hotel, locking the door and taking his key with him, and communicated with his consul. Nothing, however, could be done, and, returning later to make another attempt to get his dress suit so that he might not fail his audience, once inside he was imprisoned there and not allowed out until about eleven o'clock this morning. Before leaving, however, he was allowed to pack his suits and hand over his dirty linen, etc. for disinfection.

THE FINANCIAL ADVISER.

A Cairo newspaper made the following announcement yesterday:—

"The rumour that Sir Vincent Corbett, the Financial Adviser, would shortly retire is correct. Sir Vincent Corbett will not return to Egypt after he goes on leave but it is thought that he will be given a post in the diplomatic service. It seems likely that Chitty Bey will succeed Sir Vincent Corbett as financial adviser."

This information is not quite correct for although Sir Vincent Corbett has expressed a wish to leave the service of the Egyptian Government and go back to the Diplomatic Service, no decision as to whether he will return to Egypt or not has yet been taken.

The "Egyptian Standard," in quoting our contemporary who made the above statement, makes the following amusing remarks:—

"We may add to the above remarks that Sir Eldon Gorst has already set to work on heightening the efficiency of the various departments and requesting the veterans of the Administration to retire and cede to younger men who have not been touched by the spirit of Cromerism."

Sir Vincent Corbett only came to Egypt in 1903 when he was appointed British Commissioner on the Caisse de la Dette so he cannot be considered a veteran, but this attribute is only on a par with the amazing local ignorance for which Kamel's English organ is notorious.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The Official Journal has recently issued a French translation of the motions made at the last meeting of the General Assembly. The political aspects of the various propositions received a great deal of attention at the time in our columns, but there are some quaint proposals of a purely social character, which have not been noticed. For instance, to quote only one example, Mohamed Bey Soukar, brought forward a motion, which is given as follows in the "Journal Officiel":—

Dans l'intérêt des bonnes mœurs et de la pudeur, il conviendrait d'empêcher les femmes de se montrer sur la voie publique dans une attitude provocante pouvant les confondre avec les femmes publiques, car si la loi défend à ces dernières de se montrer dans des pareilles attitudes, elle doit, à plus forte raison, être plus soucieuse de sauvegarder les bonnes mœurs des premières. La loi n'étant pas appliquée, je propose de demander au Gouvernement, s'il l'approuve, de faire exécuter la loi.

THE EGYPTIAN DELTA LIGHT RAILWAYS, LIMITED.

REPORT FOR THE YEAR.

The following is the Report of the Directors of The Egyptian Delta Light Railways, Limited, for the year ended 31st March, 1907, which will be presented to the proprietors at the tenth ordinary general meeting to be held on Tuesday, the 23rd inst. at Winchester House, Old Broad Street, London, E.C., at 3 p.m. o'clock:—

The directors submit herewith the accounts of the company for the year ended 31st March, 1907.

Lines Opened to Traffic.—At the 31st

March, 1906, 908 kilometres (say 564 miles) of

line were open for traffic. During the year

under review further sections equal to 17 kilometres

have been opened, making a total of

925 kilometres (say 574.70 miles), open

and working at 31st March, 1907, as under:—

BEHEIRAN PROVINCE. Kilometres. Miles.

Total kilometrage open 262 = say 162.78

GHARBIH PROVINCE.

Total kilometrage open 239 = " 148.50

SHARKIEH, DAKALIEH AND

KALIOUBIEH PROVINCE.

Open at 31st March, 1906 367

Since opened..... 17

Total kilometrage open 384 = " 238.57

HELOUAN.

Total kilometrage open 40 = " 24.85

Grand Total..... 925 574.70

REVENUE ACCOUNT.—The average mileage

open during the year was 571 as compared

with 556 miles open during the year ended

31st March, 1906. The following figures give

the average mileage and receipts for the two

periods:—

Year ended, March 31st, 1906:—Gross

receipts £224,142. Average mileage open 556.

Average receipts per mile per year £403 2 7.

Average receipts per mile per week £7 15 0.

Year ended, March 31st, 1907:—Gross

receipts £255,782. Average mileage open 571.

Average receipts per mile per year £447 19 1.

Average receipts per mile per week £8 12 3.

The Directors are of opinion that the gross

receipts for the current year are satisfactory.

COACHING.—The coaching traffic has improved

in a most marked manner, the number of

passengers carried during the year having been

7,050,882, as compared with 6,008,507 for the

year ended 31st March, 1906, an increase of

1,042,375. The gross receipts from this source

amounted to £155,504 0s 11d, an increase of

£24,508 15s 8d, equal to about 18.70 per cent.

over the year 1906, the average per mile per

week having improved from £5 4s 8d. to £4

10s 7d. The statement below shows the number

of passengers carried and the receipts from

each class for the past three years.

1905.

1st Class..... 274,511 12,639

3rd Class..... 4,448,193 81,754

Miscellaneous..... 3,620

Total..... 4,722,705 £97,913

1906.

1st Class..... 404,911 18,521

3rd Class..... 5,603,596 106,697

Miscellaneous..... 5,777

Total..... 6,008,507 £190,995

1907.

1st Class..... 497,962 22,653

3rd Class..... 6,552,920 125,964

Miscellaneous..... 6,877

Total..... 7,050,882 £155,504

Goods.—The receipts from Goods Traffic

have also shown satisfactory improvement.

During the year 1,120,913 tons were lifted as

compared with 1,139,440 tons in 1906, the

gross receipts being £90,040, an increase of

£8,153, more than 9½ per cent. over the

previous year. The table below gives the tonnage

lifted and the receipts from the principal

commodities carried during the past two years:—

1906.

Building Materials..... 462,852 20,383

Coal..... 66,190 4,348

Cotton..... 135,219 21,440

Grains and Pulse..... 46,915 5,483

Manure..... 100,644 3,556

Provisions..... 20,600 2,862

Seeds..... 40,044 3,115

Straw (chopped)..... 34,631 2,662

Timber..... 28,830 2,484

Other Articles of

Merchandise and

Sundries..... 203,575 15,554

Total..... 1,139,440 £81,887

1907.

Building Materials..... 476,500 23,867

Coal..... 80,475 4,669

Cotton..... 164,961 24,900

Grains and Pulse..... 50,021 5,373

Manure..... 97,249 3,708

Provisions..... 16,692 2,322

Seeds..... 44,224 3,783

Straw (chopped)..... 20,998 2,088

Timber..... 30,147 2,718

Other Articles of

Merchandise and

Sundries..... 140,246 16,712

Total..... 1,120,913 £90,040

WORKING EXPENSES.—Notwithstanding increased cost of coal, payment of better salaries and more expensive labour, the proportion of Working Expenses to Receipts was 57.35 per cent. as compared to 58.59 per cent. last year.

DIVIDEND.—The net earnings for the year from all sources, as shown by the Net Revenue Account, amounted to £109,095 4s 1d, which with interest, &c., earned amounting to £6,649 6s 3d, and £31,044 4s 0d. brought forward from 1906, gives the grand total of £146,788 14s 4d. to be dealt with.

After providing for Interest on the Debenture and Share Capital Redemption Sinking Funds, Reserves, &c., a balance of £63,968 14s 10d remains, of which a Dividend of 2 per cent. paid in December, 1906, absorbed £20,815 12s 0d, leaving £43,153 2s 10d. available for distribution. The Board now recommend the payment of a further Dividend of 3½ per cent. on the Preference Share Capital, making a total of 5½ per cent. for the year, which will absorb £36,427 6s 0d, leaving a balance of £6,725 16s 10d. to be carried forward.

METROPOLITAN AND CAIRO-HELOUAN RAILROAD CONCESSION.—In the Directors' Report for the year ended 30th September, 1906, the Proprietors were informed that the Egyptian Government had consented to a modification of the Terms of the Concession covering the Cairo-Helouan Section of Line, by the extension of the date upon which Government first has the option of purchasing the Line. Negotiations with Government have since been proceeding as to the terms of this extension, and the Directors are able to report that satisfactory arrangements have now been made whereby the date of this option is extended to the 1st November, 1927, for an expenditure by the company of L.E. 60,000 in very necessary improvements on the Helouan branch. Further minor modifications of the terms of the original concession dealing principally with questions of Government inspection of the lines, rolling stock, and the construction by Government of branch lines, crossings, &c., have been mutually agreed upon. The agreement is now ready for execution, and the proprietors will be asked to approve and pass the resolution set out on the back of this notice authorising the directors to enter into the same with the Egyptian Government.

CAIRO LIME STONE QUARRIES.—Construction work on this section of line is practically completed, 12 kilometres were ready to be opened at the 31st March, and only a little work remains to be done to enable the opening of the whole section of 16 kilometres.

INVESTMENTS.—In the last report, the proprietors were informed that part of the Shares in the Egyptian Delta Land and Investment Company, Limited, the funds for the purchase of which had been provided from share premium account, had been disposed of. During the past year the balance of these shares were sold. These sales were necessitated by the fact that the land company desired to alter its memorandum of association and that the alterations proposed would not admit of the railway company, under its memorandum of association, retaining its interest.

The conditions imposed by the courts before authorising these alterations not proving acceptable to the land company, the matter fell through.

Under these circumstances it was deemed desirable that the railway company's interest and controls should be re-acquired, and the shares were accordingly re-purchased at the sale price under an arrangement with the Egyptian Delta Land and Investment Co., Ltd.

DIRECTORS.—Sir Auckland Colvin, K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., C.I.E.; Mr. Montagu Sharpe, and Maurice Cattail Bey, directors of the company, retire by rotation, and being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

AUDITORS.—The proprietors will be asked to elect auditors for the coming year, and Messrs. Meredith and Co., being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

TELEGRAMS.

KING EDWARD'S TOUR.

ADDRESS AT HOLYHEAD.

TRANQUILITY OF EUROPE.

LONDON, July 9.

Replying to an address at Holyhead on his way to Ireland, the King said that the prosperity of the country was bound to be imperilled by any disturbance of the tranquillity of Europe. He hoped that the high position occupied by Great Britain among the nations would always be maintained by peaceful means. "As far as in me lies," said His Majesty, "her influence shall ever be devoted to the promotion of friendship and goodwill." (R.)

SAN FRANCISCO. SCANDALS.

THE MAYOR SENTENCED.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.

The Mayor, Schmitt, has been sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment. (Reuter)

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

EVICTED TENANTS' BILL.

LONDON, July 9.

The Evicted Tenants' Bill has passed the second reading by 315 votes to 98. (Reuter)

JAPAN'S NAVY.

THE NEW "DREADNOUGHT."

LONDON, July 9.

The "Daily Mail" learns from Berlin that the Japanese naval commission has given Krupp the order for the new Japanese "Dreadnought" 12 inch guns. It will occupy 9 months. The order was not placed with English works because they were already fully occupied. (Reuter)

THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

KOREA AND ITS EMPEROR.

SEOUL, July 9.

In view of the despatch of delegates to the Hague the Korean Government is appointing a committee of control over the Emperor's private purse, in order to prevent illegal disbursements. (Reuter)

RUSSIA'S NAVY.

LARGE EXPENDITURE.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 9.

The Government has decided to provide 0,000,000 roubles a year, up to 1911, for the instruction and armament of new warships. (Reuter)

KHEDIVE IN EUROPE.

LEAVES CONSTANTINOPLE TO-DAY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 9.

The Khedive landed at the British Embassy. He will start on Wednesday to take a cure in Western Europe. (Reuter)

LEBANON GOVERNOR

APPOINTED.

JERUSALEM, July 9.

Youssef Bey has been appointed Governor of Lebanon. (Reuter)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 9.

Youssef Bey-Cussa has been appointed Governor of the Lebanon. (Havas)

THE TSAR.

DARMSTADT, July 9.

The rumour of the Tsar's visit is denied. (Havas)

TELEGRAMS.

THE MACEDONIAN SITUATION.

DEPUTATION TO SIR E. GREY.

GREAT BRITAIN'S INFLUENCE.

LONDON, July 9.

Replying to a deputation, headed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, urging that more vigorous British action should be taken in Macedonia, Sir E. Grey admitted that the situation was unsatisfactory as ever. He had warned the Governments failing to suppress marauding bands in their own territories that they alienate from themselves the sympathy of Europe. He dwelt on the danger of isolated British action, but Great Britain, he said, would use her influence to prevent the Powers becoming callous. (Reuter)

THE MOROCCAN LOAN.

TANGIER, July 9.

The French controller, delegated for the service of the Moroccan loan, has been conferring since this morning with the collectors charged with examining the customs dues for the admission of merchandise. (Havas)

CONSCRIPTION IN FRANCE.

PARIS, July 9.

The Senate has ratified the liberation of class 1903. (Havas)

CROATIAN DIET PROROGUED.

AGRAM, July 9.

A letter from the King prorogues the Diet. (Havas)

NEW TRANSVAAL FLAG.

PRETORIA, July 9.

A new Transvaal flag has been adopted. It is composed of four colours with the Union Jack in the upper left hand corner. (Reuter)

EL RAISULI UNEASY.

SIR H. MACLEAN REMOVED.

TANGIER, July 9.

El Raisuli, feeling unsafe in the Knaga district, has removed with Sir H. Maclean to a lonely spot on the borders of the Beniara tribe. (Reuter)

ABUSE OF "BITTERS."

The growth of the "drug habit" is the subject of comment in the current issue of "The Lancet." The drinking of bitters associated with alcohol (the article proceeds) easily becomes a habit.

The choice of a "bitter" is widening, so that now men may be found calling for soda-water and quinine, and the demand is not likely to be refused by the managers of a department which is profitable. Vermuth is the favourite with a good many, and a considerable quantity is consumed at golf clubs, the drinker of it being quite unconscious of the fact as described in our text-books that oil of wormwood "is a convulsive poison." We may not unreasonably expect gentian, calumba, chiretta, and so on shortly to be added to the materia medica of the drinking-bar. In disease bitters are a powerful aid, for they are tonics, increasing appetite and encouraging the assimilation of food; in health they may easily prove to be mischievous and be productive of evil rather than of good; they will irritate the stomach and induce indigestion.

It is with bitters as with alcohol; both are drugs, and the chronic and excessive indulgence in drugs does not, as a rule, help to maintain the normal vigour of the healthy body. When a man finds he cannot distinguish between use and abuse his safe course is, observes "The Lancet," to be abstemious.

HOW COULD SHE?

A Yale professor claims woman was the inventor of the kiss. Let us be thankful she didn't keep it to herself. — "Chicago Journal."

CYPRUS NOTES.

THE MEDITERRANEAN FLEET.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT).

LIMASSOL, July 4.

We are awaiting the arrival to-morrow of the British fleet in this port. It was announced yesterday that instead of arriving, as was expected, on the 16th, it would reach here on the 6th. It is unfortunate that the ships should arrive at this 'dead season', when the place is too hot for any form of entertainments, and when the few resident English officials are absent either on leave or at Troodos. On the present occasion the district Commissioner is on the eve of his departure for England and the other officials are on the point of sending their families to cooler regions.

No doubt, if the fleet will stay sufficiently long, several of the officers will seize the opportunity of visiting Troodos, where accommodation of a sort can probably be found; and a few days in the hills will be the pleasantest mode in which they could possibly spend their time.

While writing (8 a.m.) two cruisers have just anchored in the bay, viz: The "Suffolk" 9800 tons armoured 1st class cruiser and the "Lancaster" 9800 tons, armoured twin screw cruiser. In order to test their speed they have made a quick passage from Alexandria, covering the distance in 13 hours, at 20 knots an hour.

The eleven vessels expected here, and at Larnaca and Famagusta carry a total complement of about 7,000 officers and men. The sudden advent of so large a number of men with healthy appetites, would afford a good chance to the peasantry to sell their fruit and vegetables at first hand. If only timely notice could be furnished to the villages in the neighbourhood many a small farmer would be enabled to make a welcome little harvest, by selling his produce at consumer's instead of at merchant's prices.

It is noteworthy that to-day the Union Jack, which at other times is conspicuously absent, is seen waving from every hotel, restaurant and coffee-house of any standing, frequently in solitary grandeur. It is regarded as likely to prove a useful asset and to have a solid money value, so sentiment goes to the wall.

New Limassol Hotel.

Thenev Grand Hotel Amathus is a welcome addition to this place. Its proprietor, W. I. L. Rossides, has experience of hotel management, as he owns a high class hotel in Constantinople. He has selected a building immediately overlooking the sea, and close upon the beach. The rooms facing seawards have therefore the advantage of fresh air, and are shut off from the many aggressive street noises which are a specially disagreeable feature of this town. The arrangement of the rooms, the style of furnishing, the table appointments and so forth, are superior to what we generally find in other establishments of the kind in Cyprus; though it must be admitted that the charges are somewhat higher. The following menu for dinner is what we believe, a fair sample: Soup, Bonchères à la reine, Poisson mayonnaise, Gigot à la printanière, Poulet rôti, Salade, Compôte, dessert, glaces, café: excellently served. Price 2/4 1/2 cp. (2/6d). Other charges are Breakfast 1/- Lunch 1/4 1/2 Rooms 2/- to 2/4 1/2 cp. It might be in the interests of the hotel to make an inclusive charge of say 6/- per day. The endeavour to introduce something in the nature of a really good hotel is worthy of encouragement, and we trust that before long similar establishments may be started at Nicosia and Larnaca.

Personal.

Mr. J. Kirke, who, for some years, has been assisting in the management of the English wine factory at Perapetis, is leaving for England by this mail. He has been for some months in an unsatisfactory state of health, and is now proceeding home on medical advice. His departure, and the reasons for it, will be regretted by a large circle of friends whom he leaves behind and by whom he is held in much esteem. The villagers of Perapetis and the neighbourhood, will feel that in him they are losing a very good friend.

Unusual Damp Weather.

Consequent upon sea mists this town has been experiencing some days of unusually damp heat. The thermometer, however, has not risen much above 86° F.

SIR LUKE FILDES AND THE YOKEL.

"Sir Luke Fildes," says a writer in the "Penny Magazine," "tells a funny story concerning the man who posed for the bridegroom in 'The Village Wedding.' Soon after he had begun work the artist noticed that the model became very pale. He made him take a rest, and then began work again. The model soon became whiter than ever. 'What's the matter?' asked Fildes. 'You don't seem very well.' 'I be a right, sir,' answered the model, 'only this holding the breath do be main hard!' The poor fellow imagined that he must hold his breath all the while he was being 'took.'"

CHILD LIFE.

Overheard in front of a stationer's window in Ecdes: First Little Girl (eagerly pointing to a picture postcard of the White-neck procession): "You see Mary Anne there?" Second Little Girl: "Yes." Well, you see them boots behind her! Yes. "Well, that's me!" — "Manchester Guardian."

LETTER TO THE EDITOR.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents, but we wish, in a spirit of fair play to all, to permit—within certain necessary limits—free discussion.

MR. WILFRID BLUNT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE."

Sir, May I point out to you, sir, one item of Mr. Wilfred Blunt's "exposures" which has not apparently had sufficient attention paid it. It is that while the British were going to war with Arabi Pasha, he, Mr. Blunt, acted as traitor and spy, seeking information as to the projected movement of troops from Army officials and handing on that information to the enemy, and causing thereby the protracted resistance and additional loss of life at Tel-el-Kebir. May I ask you, sir, to give this point its full value and that even though it may be too late for him to receive the punishment the action deserved, his character may yet be made known in its true light to the world, and from that knowledge may he receive the treatment due to traitors, which in former times meant an ignominious death.

I am, sir,

Yours faithfully,

C. WILKINSON.

Kafir-Ammar, Upper-Egypt, 7 July.

Calendar of Coming Events

ALEXANDRIA.

July.

Wed. 10 San Stefano Casino, Grand Symphony Concert Every afternoon at 5.30 p.m. Windsor Hotel, Open-Air Concert by the Ludovico-Rivier orchestra 6 p.m. to midnight. Fronton, 'Jai Alai' Pelote Basque, 6 p.m.

Urbanog. Cinematographic Entertainments, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m. Cinemaphon, Azis and Doris, old Ramleh Station, 6.30 & 9.30. Pathé, Cinematographic entertainments, 6.30 and 9.30 p.m. Baïm, du Mex. Bohème Orchestra. Tour Eiffel, Variety Entertainments, 9.30.

Crown Casino, Ibrahimieh, Variety Entertainments, 9.30 p.m. The Lifonki Concert, Rooms, Grand Evening Concert, 9.30 p.m. Eldorado, Music-Hall, Varieties.

Thur. 11 Mustapha Range, Match, H.M.S. Diana, v. B.R.C. (Alex.), 2.30. Diana, v. B.R.C. (Alex.), 2.30.

Fri. 12 Nourha (Gardens), Alexandria, Police Band, 4 to 6. Khedive's Birthday, Reception at Ras el Tin Palace by the Regent.

Sat. 13 Alexandria Swimming Club, Boat races, Marina, 3.15 p.m. Mustapha Range, B.R.C. (Alex.), Spoons and III. cl. Challenge Cup Competitions, 2.30.

Sun. 14 San Stefano Casino, Grand night Fête. Pigeon Shooting Club, Gabbari, 2.30 p.m. Tour Eiffel, Matinée, 4.45.

Eldorado, Matinée, 4.30. Cinemaphon Azis & Doris, Performances, 4.30, 6.45.

Tues. 16 New Alhambra Theatre, "The Geisha," by the Lombardo troupe. Sat. 30 Alexandria Sporting Club, Sky Meeting, First Race, 4 p.m.

CAIRO.

July.

Wed. 10 Ezbekieh Gardens Theatre, 9.30. Theatre des Ambassadeurs, 9.30. Fri. 12 Ezbekieh, Gardens, Military Band, 9 to 11.

Sun. 14 Zoological Gardens, Ghizeh, Boys Band, Afternoon. Tues. 16 Ezbekieh Gardens, Military Band, 9 to 11.

Eastern Telegraph Co., Ltd.

AVERAGE TIME occupied in transmission of Egyptian telegrams from England to Alexandria on Tuesday 9th July, 1907.

OUTWARD.

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 6 p.m. (Cairo time)

MESSAGES HANDLED IN AT

FROM

The Company's Office

Postal Telegraph Office

H. M. H. M.

London

Liverpool

Manchester

Glasgow

Other Provincial Offices

30

29

35

40

1

3

7

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

THE LIFE THAT EBBS AWAY.

HOW PINK PILLS BRING IT BACK IN FULL VIGOUR.

"As the result of a miscarriage I fell ill," writes Signora Cellini Luigia, "and it seemed to me that my life was ebbing away little by little. I felt perfectly convinced that if nothing came to stop my increasing weakness—every day becoming worse—I could not escape death. I had no longer any appetite, I ate almost nothing, yet in spite of that I digested with the greatest difficulty the little food that I took, and I suffered regularly from cramps and gripings. I also had difficulty of breathing. My weakness was such that even when sitting or lying down I had attacks of vertigo. At night, I got no repose; either I lay awake, or such sleep as I got was made a fatigue and a torture to me by terrible nightmares.

"In the daytime I was troubled incessantly by noises in the ears and my sight often became dim. I had on the advice of various people followed several courses of treatment, but all were without result, and I despaired of finding any cure.

"At last a priest, a friend of my husband, who had seen some remarkable cures accomplished by Pink Pills, induced my husband to make me take them. Pink Pills had an effect truly marvellous on my health. I rapidly recovered my strength and was soon in enjoyment of all the good health that I could desire. My cure by its rapidity and completeness has absolutely astonished all my friends and acquaintances.

"Once again I was able to devote my time

to my children. For a long time they had been deprived of my care."

Mme Cellini Luigia lives at Marola (Spezia), Via Provinciale, No. 5. Her age is thirty-nine. Mme. Cellini Luigia was in the same perilous position as those mountain guides who often roll down a precipice and miraculously save their lives by hanging on to a frail branch or a projecting piece of rock. They see death coming, as it were; they count the moments of life which remain to them. If some intervention of Providence comes not to rescue them from their terrible plight, they are lost. Pink Pills were for Mme Cellini this Providential interposition. Other medicines had failed to do her any good, and who knows what would have become of her had she not made use of this remarkable regenerator of blood, this powerful tonic of the nervous system?

Pink Pills are the medicine which restore the organism. For this reason they are ordered for convalescents. It is well known that in certain epidemic maladies the organism is in a state of complete enfeeblement.

Pink Pills, through their action on the blood and the nerves are a sovereign preventative, and a remedy for anaemia, chlorosis, neurasthenia, general debility, stomach disorders, and rheumatism.

Sold by all chemists and druggists at P.T. 18 the box and P.T. 70 for six boxes.



Mme. Cellini Luigia. (Phot. Fozz, Spezia.)

are rapidly displacing steel pens, holders, dirty inkpots and other desk encumbrances. BECAUSE A "SWAN" costing say 65 piastres will do the work of all the old tools, costing double the amount, more easily, rapidly & without waste. No evaporation of ink. Sold by Stationers, Jewellers and Importers. Write for Catalogue. MABIE, TODD & BARD, 79 & 80, High Holborn, LONDON, W.C., ENGLAND.

The Best Drink for Hot Countries is BARLEY WATER. The Best Way to make Barley Water is to use Robinson's PATENT BARLEY. It can be obtained in One Pound Tins at the Local Store. Manufacturers: KEEN, ROBINSON & Co., Ltd., LONDON, ENGLAND. Makers of ROBINSON'S PATENT GROATS.

"Sanitas" 1-1-1 Disinfecting Fluid. COLORLESS, FRAGRANT, NON-POISONOUS. GERMICIDE & OXIDANT. INDISPENSABLE IN ALL SICK ROOMS. Also 1/- Tins Powder and 1/6 boxes Soap. OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS. THE "SANITAS" CO., LTD., LIMEHOUSE, LONDON.

MASPERO FRERES, LTD. MANUFACTURERS OF Highest Class Egyptian Cigarettes. BOUTON ROUGE" AND "FELUCCA." Suppliers of the finest HAVANA CIGARS, including: HENRY CLAYS; DOONS; MURIAS; VILLAR Y VILLAR; INTIMIDADS; CABANAS; &c. IMPORTERS OF HIGH-CLASS ENGLISH AND AMERICAN TOBACCOES AND CIGARETTES. The leading brands of the following well known makers always in stock: W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL; LAMBERT & BUTLER, LONDON; R. & J. SMITH, GLASGOW; JOHN PLAYER & SONS, NOTTINGHAM. THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO., NEW YORK. Handsome and complete line of Smokers' Accessories. Our Egyptian Cigarettes delivered, duty and carriage paid to all parts of the world. TAIL STORE, CAIRO, Chancery Lane, between National Bank and Savoy Hotel. ALEXANDRIA: Rue Saadiah, next to Thos. Cook & Son. PORT SAID: Savoy Hotel Building, Rue de Commerce. Sole Agents for England: Messrs. RENNISON & HEDGES, 38 Old Bond St., London, W.

BY SIR R. HAMILTON LANE.

(Continued.)

The rise in cotton in 1899 from 9½ talers to 12½ talers unexpectedly raised the value of the Daira lands, and it is understood that the profits of the enterprise have exceeded six millions sterling, half of which reverts to the Egyptian Government. Profiting by the ready demand and enhanced prices, the new Daira Sanieh Co. proceeded to sell their newly acquired lands, payable in annuities of from ten to fifteen years. Companies were formed to purchase them, and the speculative boom set in. Cotton continuing to rise, lands steadily increased in value, and handsome profits were made. The purchases made in 1900, when cotton was at 12½ talers, left a large margin of profit in 1902, when cotton had gone up to 16½ talers, and there was a still larger margin when in 1906 it went to 18 talers. In 1907, cotton having reached an average of 10½ talers, the acme of the boom seemed to have been reached, and cotton lands worth £40 an acre in 1907 gradually rose to £50. As an example of what took place, I may cite the case of a purchaser who bought from the new Daira Sanieh Co. an estate for which the purchase price was £60,000, payable in annuities. Shortly after he had paid the first annuity of £6000 he was offered by, and accepted from, a syndicate the reimbursement of £6000 he had paid, plus a bonus of £40,000. The rise in the value of land was so steady and so considerable, that speculators made large profits from one year to another.

The interesting question for the future, which I heard discussed by many competent authorities in Egypt, is, "Are the present high prices for agricultural land justified and likely to be permanent?" It was generally admitted that with cotton at 19½ talers the present prices of land seem justified, but their permanence entirely depends upon the future value of cotton. On this latter point the prospects are undoubtedly favourable. The present production of cotton is not in excess of the consumption of the world, and the increase of production which can be hoped for in the near future does not exceed the steady increase of consumption. The United States of America, which contribute fully four fifths of the cotton supply of the world, seem to have nearly reached the maximum of their productive power in cotton, and all the laudable efforts to develop the cultivation of cotton in British colonies have, so far, yielded very feeble results. South America and India remain the most hopeful centres for increased supplies, but they will do little more, for a long time, than satisfy the constantly increasing consumption. However, it must not be lost sight of that the pecuniary position of a cultivator in Egypt may be as much affected by the yield of his crop as by its price. Atmospheric influences reducing our fourths supply from America would find immediate compensation in enhanced prices; but such influences reducing the yield in Egypt, which supplies only one-seventh of the world's production, might not obtain a full compensation in an enhancement of price. Thus a yield of only 5 millions of cantars (in 1898 the yield was only 4½ millions, while that of the preceding and the succeeding year was 6½ millions), instead of 7 millions in the present year, would temporarily impoverish the cultivators, and be as detrimental to them as a fall in the price of cotton to 15 talers.

While, therefore, it may be admitted that there is a very fair prospect of the continuance of a high level in the price of cotton, and consequently a justification of the present value of agricultural land in Egypt, the possibility of various adverse influences ought to make speculators in land cautious and bankers prudent in advancing upon mortgage.

As much, I fear, cannot be said in regard to the very high prices to which urban properties have been pushed by speculators in Cairo and Alexandria. There the rise has relatively far exceeded that in agricultural lands, and in as far as it has exceeded it, I am inclined to think it is fictitious. Take, for example, the well authenticated case in Cairo, to which I have already alluded, of a small villa, worth twelve years ago £3000, being sold for £32,000. The purchaser, to secure 5 per cent on his capital, will require a rental of over £1500 for a villa capable of accommodating only a small and modest family. This he cannot hope to get. He might pull down the present house and, taking in the small garden behind it, build a lofty block of flats, but even then the initial cost of the land would be an excessive burden. What took place in Buda-Pesth is likely to be repeated in Cairo. Some thirty years ago a building-mania developed in Buda-Pesth. Magnificent structures were erected, chiefly with borrowed money. Over-building brought about a "krach". Property fell rapidly in value, and many were ruined. True, we rejoice to-day in a handsomely built town with very moderate rents, but we forget the heavy losses which the building speculators incurred. At present, purchases of town lands in Egypt are mostly payable in annuities extending over as many as thirty years, and bearing interest at 5 per cent, with a mortgage upon the property. As in time some of these mortgages may be foreclosed, the value of house property will probably decrease. The collapse may not be sudden,—indeed it is to be hoped that the process of depreciation may be gradual. The first seller, who thought he had made a huge profit, may have to sacrifice a part of that profit, but will still remain a gainer. In fact, the colossal profit of a seller on long annuities is in great

part only a paper profit, which in some cases may not be fully realised.

To resume my impression of the future prospects of the present high value of agricultural land and urban land, I would say that the former, considering the probability of a continuance of high prices for cotton, seems justified, but that the latter has been pushed up by speculators to an exaggerated level which cannot, in all likelihood, be maintained.

With the large profits on cotton since 1902, one might have expected to find that the debts upon mortgage in the country would have diminished. Quite the contrary has taken place. From an interesting and able study of these debts by Dr. Alfred Eid, we learn that they rose from £6,700,000 in 1901 to £39,000,000 in 1906; and to-day they are probably not less than £42,000,000. The landed proprietors, with few exceptions, squandered their profits, and in many cases borrowed money to purchase rural or urban property. Speculators largely bought similar property, payable in long annuities, with a view to its resale at a profit. Thus this great accumulation of debt has come about.

Dr. Alfred Eid divides the debts of the country against mortgages, in 1906, into three categories:—

1. Those for land bought payable in annuities.....	£11,000,000
2. Those debts due to banks against mortgages.....	20,000,000
3. Those debts due to societies and private individuals.....	8,000,000
Together.....	£39,000,000

The first category, repayable in annuities extending over a number of years, presents only a moderate annual burden; and the second and third categories are in hands which have no interest to put undue pressure upon their debtors. The present large mortgage debt is probably, in consequence of the higher value of property, as well secured as was the smaller amount in 1901; but there are evidences that its volume is as much as, if not more than, the credit and resources of the country can comfortably carry. With a wise forbearance on the part of the creditors of the second and third categories towards their debtors there is, however, no reason to anticipate a crisis from that large indebtedness. With agriculturally prosperous years it will be gradually reduced.

Money stringency is being felt in Egypt, but it is chiefly in connection with the Bourse. There is no sale for the shares of a large number of the companies which have been floated in recent years, and bankers naturally refuse to continue advances upon stocks which are unsaleable. The shares of even sound concerns had been forced up too high by speculative, not investment, buyers, who, unable to keep up their margins, suffer from the effects of forced sales. The result is individual losses, but the market will right itself on a sound basis. Egypt possesses few capitalists. She is financed from abroad, and the unpleasant truth is beginning to be realised that there is a limit to the European capital available for investment in Egypt. That limit has been reached, and those who were speculating beyond their means find themselves necessarily in a tight corner. Capitalists have been discouraged in England by the unsatisfactory results of a variety of Egyptian mining companies chiefly brought out in London. An investment list published in Alexandria in July of last year enumerates seventeen of such companies, representing a subscribed capital of one and a half million sterling. All are quoted in that list at discounts varying from 25 to 90 per cent; and their total value at the prices quoted in the list was only £468,000, implying a loss of fully two-thirds of the capital subscribed. On the other hand, it is fair to admit that many Egyptian issues, other than mining, have proved very profitable; and this will be remembered, if capital in England for investment were to become more plentiful and money easier. Meantime in Egypt weak companies and weak holders of their shares must suffer. It is only a series of years of profitable trade which can bring back monetary ease to Egypt. The air-bubbles of speculators will collapse, but the Nile mud will continue to enrich Egypt with gold.

A class in Egypt which deserves all our sympathy is that of British functionaries. Lord Cromer very rightly set his face against the speculative mania as soon as it set in, and, with a very few exceptions, it is to the credit of our countrymen holding positions under the Egyptian Government that they followed their chief in keeping aloof from the contaminating influence. They did not, therefore, gain as others around them did; but they suffer from the exorbitant rents and greater cost of living which now prevail. Something has been done to increase their salaries, but not nearly enough. Rents have doubled, if not trebled, which is a serious hardship to the many whose

emoluments do not exceed £500 or £600 a-year. As one of them put it to me, "We shall have to go to live in villages outside the town, and come out and in every day to our work." This would mean, especially for ladies, very considerable discomfort. The fact is, only those in highly paid posts can with any degree of comfort at present make two ends meet. The ultimate consequence, if this state of things continues, is that positions in Egypt will be less sought after, and blanks which occur will with greater difficulty be filled up. Egypt requires a good class of British functionaries, and it will be regrettable for its interests that there should be any difficulty in finding them. However disagreeable an increase in budgetary expenditure may be, it would be a false economy not to enable British functionaries to live in comfort.

Much has lately been said about the unrest in Egypt. This subject naturally engaged my attention; for, if discontent, if justified, is a weed of rapid growth, which may seriously choke the fruits of industry and good administration. When, two years ago, the relations between Turkey and England were strained in a dispute connected with the Sinai frontier, the unrest in Egypt imported an unwelcome complication into the situation,—for some there were who doubted whether, in the event of the Sultan proclaiming a "Jihad," or Holy War, the loyalty of the Egyptian soldiers could be relied upon.

One of these doubters said to me, "Although conscious that their cause was hopeless these Mohammedan soldiers would have embraced the cause of their Padishah." Fortunately the Sultan was too wise a man to allow himself to be led into such a struggle; and by settling his difference with England the hopes of the discontented in Egypt were disappointed, and so long as the prudent Abdul Hamid is Sultan they are sure to continue to be disappointed. His political sagacity, which is great, may be relied upon as proof against a policy of hopeless adventure.

What, then, is the party of discontent in Egypt? It is personified in Mustapha Kamel Pasha, who has been the avowed enemy of the British Administration in Egypt during the past twenty years. When France and England were at variance in regard to Egypt, Mustapha Kamel placed his hopes on France—hopes which were crushed when France came to an amicable agreement with England on Egyptian questions. When, more recently, Turkey and England were at variance on an Egyptian question, Mustapha Kamel endeavoured, as we have already said, to make capital out of the imbroglio; but his efforts were signally unsuccessful. At present, therefore, the discontented party in Egypt has no outside backing which can render it a serious menace to our position in Egypt.

(To be continued.)

ROYAL BOTANIC SOCIETY'S HORTICULTURAL SHOW.

There is an excellent show of entirely new appliances for spraying fruit trees, hops, etc., especially the latter which are so much affected at this time by the aphid blight.

The "Novelty" pump introduced by Merryweathers comprises a 50 gallon wooden tank, mounted on a four wheeled carriage, and fitted with a petrol motor, carrying enough petrol for 10 to 12 hours working, and arranged for spraying four trees at one time, thus affecting a great saving over the old hand spraying arrangement.

The Merryweather steam hop washing plant also has several improvements and has been largely adopted; and for watering lawns, polo, golf, tennis and cricket grounds; the same firm's new garden Valiant steam pump gives first rate results. This is capable of pumping 1000 gallons per hour, although only 2 H.P., and can be wheeled or carried about by two men.

Another Merryweather invention is the new "Country House" pump, which is petrol driven, and will take its supply of water from a well and raise it to the top of the house for domestic water supply, or throw a good jet for fire extinguishing purposes.

The judges after inspection awarded this firm a gold medal for power spraying apparatus.

DISCUSSION AND DISAGREEMENT.

A story that nobody vouches for relates to "a prominent individual" who conferred with President Roosevelt on the railroad question. "Why don't you talk it over with Root?" asked the visitor on leaving. "I can't discuss it with Root," was the answer; "he doesn't agree with me."—"Bellman" (New York).

AN EGYPTIAN SAINT.

It is well known that in the early centuries of the Christian era, Egypt was especially celebrated for its religious ascetics, many of whom were canonised and addressed in the prayers of the faithful, as saints and martyrs.

It is not however so generally known to what a late period such persons flourished and were venerated, and recently Mr. W. E. Crum has edited certain documents preserved in various Arabic texts, all probably written in Cairo, and also portions of a Coptic version of the same literary material, which give the reputed life of one of the last of the ascetics named Barsauma, "the naked," who died, aged 60, in the year 2417 A.D. This biography is of interest to modern Egyptians because in the Church of Saint Mercurius in old Cairo, which was in Barsauma's time a site called Deir-Abd-Asafin, between Fostat and the then Cairo city, is a rough picture of an old man in a state of nudity, which represents the worthy Barsauma.

According to the account of him now published, his father was a certain Al Wajit, secretary to Shaj-ad-Din, the first Mameluke ruler of Egypt. The recital in the manuscript informs us that Barsauma was well educated, and appears to have lived uninterestingly until his father's death, when his uncle disposed of him of his inheritance.

When urged to reprisals he refused, and took up the life of an ascetic upon the rubbish mounds of Old Cairo, clothed only with a narrow loin cloth. The usual miraculous series of events now happens. Among others an adventure with a mighty serpent who resided in the vault beneath the church of Mercurius aforesaid.

Further wonders, wrought by the saint occurred at the same site, but their historical value is of the slightest. The interest of Mr. Crum's work which is being published in the "Proceedings of the Society of Biblical Archaeology" lies in the material it affords for the history of the Coptic church, and for the theological vagaries of its volaries in the 14th century in Egypt.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

ALEXANDRIA
Koni-el-Madrasa Observatory.

Direction of wind	...	N.N.W.
Force of wind	...	25
State of sky	...	Slight
Barometer corrected	...	700.4
Prevalence	...	5
State of clouds	...	Clear
Max. Temp. in shade	...	27
Min. do.	...	23.3
Humidity of the air	...	94
Heat of the sun	...	50
Moist rise 4.45 a.m.	...	note 6.57 p.m.

REMARKS.
The weather yesterday was agreeable but the night was very damp. This morning opens nice and clear with bright sunny weather, and a falling barometer.OTHER STATIONS.
OBSERVATIONS BY SURVEY DEPARTMENT.
For the 24 hours ending 9 a.m. yesterday.

Stations.	Max. temp. in shade.	Min. temp. in shade.	Stations.	Max. temp. in shade.	Min. temp. in shade.
Port Said	28	23	Marsa	43	29
Suez	34	22	Athens	36	27
Helwan	33	30	Bahia	36	30
Shibeh	34	19	Khartoum	97	24
Asiut	30	24	Kassala
Sakha	45	35	Wad Medani
Wady Halfa	41	35	Dauin	36	19

FOREIGN STATIONS.

Stations.	Barom.	Wind.	Temp.	State of Sea.
Port Said	701.1	Almost calm	26	Calm
Suez	701.4	Almost calm	28	Calm
Helwan	701.5	Almost calm	31	Calm
Shibeh	701.4	Calmer	22	Very slight
Asiut	707.7	Light	31	Very slight

By Royal Warrant to His Majesty The King.

BOVRIL

is an excellent tonic bracing the system when everything else fails.

Try BOVRIL WINE.

NILE GAUGE READINGS.

Date	TWIFKIA, W. NILE.	ROSAIRES, B. NILE.	KHARTOUM.	BERBER.	HALFA.	ASSUAN RESERVOIR.	GADGA.	RHODAS.
	1906	1907	1906	1907	1906	1907	1906	1907
JULY.								
1	11.27	11.08	14.50	13.74	11.25	11.30	11.10	11.6
2	11.28	11.11	14.47	13.82	11.28	11.26	11.18	11.2
3	11.30	11.14	14.00	13.86	11.35	11.33	11.20	11.1
4	11.32	11.16	14.04	13.92	11.40	11.52	11.06	11.4
5	11.34	11.18	14.76	14.15	11.45	11.20	11.80	11.7
6	11.36	11.20	14.50	14.60	11.65	11.70	11.85	11.9
7	11.38	11.22	14.76	14.19	11.90	12.00	12.30	12.1
8	11.38	11.24	15.00	14.34	12.05	11.86	12.07	12.0
9	11.38	11.26	15.18	14.50	12.10	12.00	12.00	12.0

A Bicyclist Recommends Pe-ru-na.

He says: "I have been a bicyclist for over five years. Last spring I caught cold causing catarrh. I took Peruna, and am well. I often recommend Peruna to my friends."

Many Athletes Praise Pe-ru-na. Builds Up Worn-Out Systems.



Mr. John Perrault, 385 Davidson street, Boulevard St. Paul, near Montreal, Canada, writes: "I have been a bicyclist for over five years, and last spring I caught cold and did not take anything for it, for I thought it was not bad enough, but it came to catarrh. I was so discouraged that I didn't know what to do. I could not sleep; I always felt tired and troubled. Finally I began to take Peruna. After I had taken one bottle I felt better. I took another one, and now I am well. I would like to always feel as I do to-day. I often recommend Peruna to my friends."

Close Confinement: Mr. G. W. Woodbury, Rogers, Ohio, formerly Captain and Commander of the Hiram College Basketball Team, writes: "There are times in the life of every student when excessive study and too close confinement and attention to the object in view will tell on your health. I have found that when body and mind alike are weary and refuse to work a few doses of Peruna restores lost strength and invigorates one quicker and more permanently than anything I know. It gives one nerves of iron and muscles of steel, and assists the mental activities together with the physical to a wonderful degree. The athlete knows the importance of being in fine form. Peruna is a valuable assistant to anyone who wishes to keep himself in vigorous health every day."

For special directions everyone would read "The Ills of Life," a copy of which surrounds each bottle. Peruna is for sale by all chemists and druggists. The following wholesale-druggist will supply the supply the retail drug trade in Alexandria, Egypt. E. DEL MAR.

JOHN FOWLER & Co., (LEEDS) LTD., ESTABLISHED 1850.

THE OLDEST & LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD OF STEAM PLOUGHING MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND FOR ALL SOILS.

Over 35 years experience in ALL PARTS OF EGYPT where our steam ploughing tackle are in constant use and giving the greatest satisfaction.

The only makers of steam ploughing machinery who manufacture their own STEEL WIRE ROPES.

FOWLER'S STEAM PLOUGHING TACKLES are the strongest, best designed and best proportioned in all their parts, therefore they are the most economical.

Experience of over half a century in all parts of the world.

ALLEN, ALDERSON & Co., Ltd. AGENTS. 29788-14-6-907.

Messrs. McLaren, Engineers, of Leeds, England, have sold a large number of Steam Ploughs and Kasseable in Egypt this year. Everyone who has land to cultivate, or to level, should see them at work. Amongst the purchasers are His Highness Prince Hussein-Kamel Pasha, His Highness Prince Halim; The Warden Estates Company have purchased seven Machines, Messrs. Zagdoun Freres two Machines, also Messrs. Jatrodakis, Bushrahanna, Alexandre Kouri Haddad, Mr. R. P. McGilhvray, etc.

They can be seen at work any time on application to Mr. Peter McLaren, our permanent representative in Egypt, at Shephard's Hotel, Cairo, or to our Agents, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son (Egypt) Ltd., Boulac Engine Works, Cairo. Full information may also be obtained from Messrs. J. & N. McLaren, Midland Engine Works, Leeds, England.

HOTEL BRISTOL, CAIRO.

FULL SOUTH, ELECTRIC LIGHT, OPPOSITE ESBEKIEH GARDENS; LARGE VERANDAH; MODERATE CHARGES. CHAS. BAUER, Proprietor.

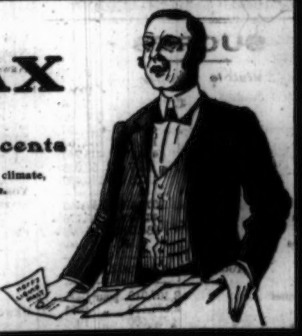
This Hotel is beautifully situated and is in the most central part of Cairo. Terms for pension are at the rate of ten shillings a day. Special terms for officers of Army of Occupation.

Hoff's Malt HOMAX Ideal Food Beverage FOR Convalescents

and all who highly tax their strength in a hot climate, through strenuous work or sporting life. Practically non-alcoholic.

HOMAX is a delicious tonic. HOMAX creates appetite. HOMAX digests food. HOMAX invigorates the nervous.

SOLE MANUFACTURER—M. HOFF, Hamburg, Germany.



BOURSE DU CAIRE

Le Caire, le 9 Juillet 1907.

Banques	Actions	Jouissances
National Bank of Egypt	£ 19 7/8	850
Agricultural Bank of Egypt	£ 7 3/4	
Banque d'Athènes	£ 113	
Cassa di Sconto	£ 55	
Nouv. Emis.	£ 60	
Land Bank	£ 7 1/2	78
Comptoir Financ. & Comm.	£ 3	3
Banque d'Algerie	£ 5	
Banque d'Orient	£ 114-115	
Soc. Générale Egyptienne	£ 230	32
H. de Vries & Boutigny Ltd.	£ 1-1 1/2	5
Chemins de Fer		
Alet. & Ramlah Railway	£ 5 1/2	
oblig. 5 o/o	£ 102	
Delta Light Railway	£ 9 1/2	12
Lois Turcs obligations	£ 155	
Societes des Eaux		
Alexandria Water Company	£ 12	
aux du Caire part capital	£ 112	180
Eaux de Tanta	£ 7 1/2	
Societes Foncières		
Daira Sanieh Nouvelle	£ 13 1/2	100
Crédit Foncier Egyptien	£ 680	850
Crédit Fon. ob. 3 o/o Lots	£ 311	
Cr. Foncier ob. Nouv. Emis.	£ 262	
Cr. Foncier ob. 3 1/2 o/o	£ 500	
Soc. Agricole & Ind. 5 o/o	£ 865	1080
Société Agricole & Ind. 4 o/o	£ 475	
Caisse Hyp. d'Egypte	£ 610	1100
Société Anonyme du Behara	£ 26	
Soc. An. du Behara oblig.	£ 4 H	
Société Foncière d'Egypte	£ 31	
Delta Land Company	£ 1 H	
Wardian Estate	£ 5 1/2	7 1/2
Wile Land	£ 20	80 N.
Egyptian Estates Limited	£ 0 H	5 1/2
Union Foncière	£ 4 1/2	25
Anglo-Eg. Land Allotment	£ 1 3/4 P.T. 63	
Garshieh Land	£ 1 3/4 L.R. 1	
Cairo Suburban	£ 4 1/2	
Egypt. Land Invest. and Building	£ — 1/2	£ 1 1/2
Societes Immobilières		
Cie. Immobilière d'Egypte	£ 330 ex	520 ex
Agricole du Nil	£ 250	5
Entrepreneur & Development	£ 8 1/2	12
Urbanes et Rurales	£ 5	16
Entreprises Im. et Travaux	£ 1 1/2 P.T. 32	
Egyptian Land Ltd.	£ 2	P.T. 50
Societes Industrielles		
Anglo-Eg. Spinning	£ 0 1/2	2
Crown Brewery d'Alex.	£ 224	116
Crown Brewery du Caire	£ 100	33
Egyptian Cotton Mills	£ 2 3/4	
Egyptian Salt and Soda	£ 17/6	
Ste des Ciments d'Egypte	£ 30	8
Sucreries et Raffineries	£ 60	
Port Said Salt Association	£ 14	
Nile Cold Storage	£ 0 1/2	
Egyptian Markets	£ 24/3	
Navigation à Vapeur		
Anglo-American Line	£ 3 1/2	
Khedivial Mail S.S.	£ 4 1/2	22/
Mensaleh Canal & Nav. Co.	£ 3 1/2 P.T. 80	
Express Nile Steamers Co.	£ —	P.T. 70
Egyptian Mail S.S.	£ 10	1 1/2
Hotels		
Nungovich Hotel	£ 15 1/2	
Egyptian Hotel	£ 4 1/2	
National Hotel	£ 2 1/2 P.T. 33	
Upper Egypt Hotel	£ 12 1/2	
Nouvelle	£ 12 1/2	
Splendid Hotel	£ 4 1/2	
Excelsior Hotel	£ 3	0 1/2
Tramways		
Tramways d'Alexandrie	£ 155	500
Tramways du Caire	£ 605	1060
Valeurs diverses		
Bourse Khédiviale du Caire	£ —	
Egyptian Investments	£ 0 1/2	
Société Egypt. d'Irrigation	£ 16	
Corporation of W. Egypt	£ 0 1/2	
New Egyptian Company	£ 14	
Land & General Trust	£ 0 1/2	
Soc. Frigorifique d'Egypte	£ 3 1/4	
Walker & Meimaraich	£ 0 1/2	
Automobiles du Caire	£ 1 1/2	6
Egyptian Construction	£ 0 1/2	
Soc. Egypt. de Publicité	£ 4 1/2	P.T. 400

Societe Anonyme du Behara

AVIS

L'Assemblée Générale ordinaire des Actionnaires tenue le 19 Mars 1907 ayant décidé la distribution aux Actionnaires des 50,000 Actions Privilegiées 5% de £ 2 1/2 nominales chacune restées à la souche, solde des 100,000 créées en vertu de la délibération de l'Assemblée Générale Extraordinaire des Actionnaires du 14 Mars 1905, Messieurs les Actionnaires sont prévenus que cette opération commencera à partir du 15 courant.

Les porteurs d'actions ordinaires devront à cet effet présenter leurs titres :

- à Alexandrie au siège de la Société ;
- à Londres à L'Anglo Foreign Banking Co. Ltd. 2 Bishopsgate Street Within, E.C.
- à Bruxelles à la Société Belge de Crédit Industriel & Commercial et de Dépôts 60 Rue Royale.

pour la faire estampiller, et recevoir les Actions Privilegiées auxquelles ils ont droit à raison d'une Action Privilegiée pour une Action ordinaire.

L'Administrateur-Directeur,
(Signé) E. W. P. FOSTER.
Alexandrie, le 8 Juillet 1907. 3059-4-A-2

Notice to Advertisers.

The "Egyptian Gazette" has given no advertising agency or company in Egypt any monopoly or exclusive right to act as advertising Agents on its behalf. Advertisements of every description are received at the offices of the "Gazette" from advertisers direct.

The Egyptian Delta Light Railways, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held in Hall No. 43, Winchester House, Old Broad Street, in the City of London, on Tuesday, 23rd July, 1907, at 3 o'clock p.m. precisely, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st March, 1907, electing Directors in the place of the three retiring by rotation, appointing Auditors for the ensuing year and fixing their remuneration, declaring a Dividend, and transacting the Ordinary General Business of the Company, and also for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit passing, with or without modification, the following Resolution then intended to be proposed, that is to say:—

RESOLUTION.

"That the Board of Directors be authorised to enter into an Agreement on behalf of the Company with the Egyptian Government modifying the Deed of Concession for the Helwan Railways and Schedule of Conditions dated 30th April, 1888, in the form now submitted to the Meeting and signed by the Chairman for the purpose of identification subject to any modifications or alterations to such Agreement as the Board may deem desirable."

By Order of the Board,
F. J. HORNE,
Secretary.

The agreement above referred to may be inspected at the Office of the Company at any time during business hours prior to the Meeting.

211, GRESHAM HOUSE,
OLD BROAD STREET,
LONDON, E.C.

4th July, 1907.

N.B.—Shareholders who hold Share Warrants to Bearer are reminded that if they wish to attend the General Meeting of the Company, they must first deposit their Bearer Warrants either in London at the Registered Office of the Company or at any London Clearing House Bank, or at the London Office of the National Bank of Egypt, the Bank of Egypt, the Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Limited, Credit Lyonnais, or the Imperial Ottoman Bank, two clear days before the date of the Meeting, i.e., not later than the 20th July, or in Egypt with any of the last-mentioned Banks ten clear days before the date of the Meeting, i.e., not later than 12th July, the Share Warrants remaining so deposited until after the General Meeting shall have been held. Certificates of Deposit to be signed by the depositors in exchange for the Share Warrants so lodged, which must be produced by the holders attending the Meeting, may be obtained upon application to the London or Cairo Offices of the Company. Should Shareholders wish to vote by proxy the Certificate of Deposit must be sent in to the Company's Office attached to the Proxy Form at least 48 hours before the General Meeting is held.

Dividend Warrants will be issued on the 26th July 1907.

30607-4-2

Societe Internationale des Employes D'ALEXANDRIE.

SIÈGE SOCIAL RUE SIDI EL METWALLI No. 30
ET RUE HAMMAM EL ZAHAB No. 1 AU 1ER ETAGE

BUREAU DE PLACEMENT

Jeune homme connaissant le Français, l'Italien l'Arabe et le Turc et la correspondance, cherche place.

Jeune homme connaissant l'Italien, le Russe, le Grec, le Turc et le Roumain, cherche place.

Jeune homme connaissant le français, l'Italien et le Grec et au courant des affaires d'assurances et de commerce, désire emploi.

Jeune homme Grec cherche place de comptable ou caissier. Références de 1er ordre.

Un télégraphiste arménien cherche place de télégraphiste.

Jeune homme Hellène cherche place de comptable ou caissier; références de 1er ordre.

Français diplômé, disposant de quelques heures par jour, donnerait des leçons ou tiendrait comptabilité.

Jeune homme bien instruit en Arabe et Français, dispose de quelques heures par jour pour donner des leçons de ces langues et de comptabilité.

Jeune dame, italienne, très honorablement connue, connaissant italien, français et arabe, pouvant aussi donner des leçons de broderie et de piano, demande place comme dame de compagnie ou institutrice.

N.B.—Pour tous renseignements s'adresser au Siège Social de la Société, Rue Sidi el Metwalli N° 30 et Rue Hammam el Zahab N° 1 au 1er Etage.

Le Secrétariat est ouvert tous les jours, excepté les dimanches et jours de fête, de 7 h. 1/2 à 8 h. 1/2 du soir.

Les insertions ci-dessus sont faites gratuitement par les soins de la Société et seuls les sociétaires peuvent en bénéficier.

Les personnes qui adressent des demandes à la Société, sont priées de joindre un timbre pour la réponse.

9-4-907

KHEDIVIAL MAIL LINE.

VOYAGES D'ETE A PRIX REDUITS.

La Khedivial Mail Line mettra en vente à ses Agences d'Alexandrie, du Caire et de Port Saïd des billets spéciaux d'aller et retour qui permettront aux personnes désireuses de se rafraîchir par un petit voyage en GRECE, en SMYRNE, METELIN, CONSTANTINOPLÉ ou en STRIE, de le faire à un taux réduit pendant les mois de JUILLET et AOUT.

Les prix seront les suivants:

	1re Classe	2me Classe
Constantinople aller et retour 10 —	6.500	
Pirée	6 —	4 —
Smyrne et Metelin	7 —	5 —

La nourriture pendant deux jours de quarantaine est comprise dans ces prix.

Des prix réduits seront accordés aux passagers par plusieurs hôtels à Constantinople, comme aussi au Phalère, Athènes, etc., et si les passagers en première classe désirent rester à bord à Constantinople et retourner par le même vapeur, ils auront la faculté de le faire en payant Pes. 10 par jour pour leur nourriture.

Pour la SYRIE on émettra également des billets spéciaux au prix du voyage simple pour le voyage de l'aller et de retour. Le prix du voyage d'Alexandrie à Beyrouth et retour sera donc L.E. 3 500 par personne en première classe et L.E. 2 600 en deuxième classe.

CONDITIONS.

Les billets pour ces voyages ne pourront être obtenus qu'aux Agences de la Compagnie à Alexandrie, Port-Saïd et au Caire (Bonded Stores).

Les billets seront strictement personnels et aucune autre réduction ne sera accordée.

La durée de la validité des billets est de trois semaines à compter de l'arrivée au port de destination. Leur validité ne peut pas être prolongée sauf contre paiement de la différence entre le prix des ces billets et celui des billets ordinaires.

Les passagers munis de ces billets n'auront pas la faculté de s'arrêter dans les ports intermédiaires.

Alexandrie, le 14 juin 1907. 30586-14-5

EGYPT MARSEILLES to ALEXANDRIA

20th September,

SPECIAL SAILING

P. & O.

S.S. "CALEDONIA," 8000 Tons, 13000 H.P.
Taking First and Second Saloon Passengers
AT SUMMER RATES.
Berths can be engaged at once. Apply in PARIS: HERNI PÉRON & Co., 61, Boulevard Haussmann; THOS. COOK & Son, 1, Place de l'Opéra; Cunard S.S. Co., 2 Bis, Rue Scribe. MARSEILLES: ESTRIE & Co., 18, Rue Colbert. CHERBOURG: 123, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C. 30208-16-16

Egyptian State Railways & Telegraphs.

NOTICE.

The Egyptian State Railways Administration has the honour to inform the public that tenders will be received up to noon on the 6th October 1907 for the supply of timber during the year 1908 in accordance with the list and detailed conditions which may be obtained, against payment of 100 millimes, at the Administration's General Stores at Boulac, and at the Office of the Inspector of Stores at Gabbari (Alexandria).

The tenderer must lodge beforehand as a provisional deposit, the sum of L.E. 100. After acceptance of his tender, he will lodge a final guarantee by increasing the provisional deposit so as to make up an amount equal to 10% of his accepted offer.

Tenders must be accompanied by a stamped paper of 30 millimes and the receipt for the provisional deposit and be addressed by registered post to:

"The General Manager,
Egyptian State Railways,
Cairo"

and in two envelopes, the inner one bearing the following inscription:—

"Tender for timber supply"

The Administration is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of dividing the contract.

July, 1st 1907. 30579-2-1

NOTICE.

The Administration has the honour to inform the public that tenders will be received up to noon on the 1st October 1907 for the supply of 310,000 (Three hundred and ten thousand) Metrical Tons of Welsh Coal required during the year 1908 in accordance with the specification and General Conditions, copy of which can be obtained against payment of 100 millimes at the Railway Central Stores at Boulac (Cairo) and at Gabbari (Alexandria).

Tenders must be accompanied by a stamped paper of 30 millimes and be addressed by registered post to:

"The General Manager
Egyptian State Railways
Cairo"

and in double envelopes, the inner bearing the following inscription:—

"Tender for Coal"

The Administration is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender and reserves to itself the right of dividing the contract.

Cairo, 4th July 1907 30594-2-1

NOTICE.

The Egyptian State Railways have the honour to inform the Public that commencing from Monday, 15th July, Tament Block-Post situated at Kilometre 128.900 between Beni-Souef and Tanta will be opened as a station for the booking of Passengers only, and the following trains will stop there:—

STATIONS.	No. 158	No. 84
	1. 2 and 3rd classes.	
Beni-Souef. dep.	7.55	5.55
Tament. arr.	7.43	6.3
Tament. dep.	7.44	6.4
Tanta. arr.	7.53	6.11

STATIONS.	No. 75	No. 157
	1. 2 and 3rd classes.	
Tanta. dep.	8.44	7.20
Tament. arr.	8.52	7.27
Tament. dep.	8.53	7.28
Beni-Souef. arr.	9.1	7.34

G. B. MACAULEY.

General Manager.

Cairo, 3rd July, 1907. 30606-2-1

Administration des Chemins de Fer de l'Etat Egyptien

AVIS

L'Administration des Chemins de Fer de l'Etat a l'honneur de porter à la connaissance du Public qu'elle recevra jusqu'au 5 octobre 1907 à midi au plus tard, des offres pour la fourniture des bois dont elle a besoin pendant l'année 1908 suivant la liste et les conditions du Cahier des Charges dont on peut obtenir un exemplaire au Bureau Central des Magasins Généraux à Boulac (Caire) et au bureau de Mr. l'Inspecteur des Magasins à Gabbari (Alexandrie), contre paiement de 100 millimes.

Toute personne désirant prendre part à cette adjudication devra verser, au préalable, à la Caisse de l'Administration une somme de L.E. 100 (Cent Livres Egyptiennes) à titre de cautionnement provisoire. Le soumissionnaire déclaré adjudicataire devra parfaire cette somme jusqu'à concurrence du dix pour cent du montant de l'offre agréée.

Les offres devront être accompagnées d'une feuille de papier timbré de trente millimes ainsi que du reçu du versement du cautionnement provisoire susvisé. Elles seront adressées par la poste sous pli recommandé à Monsieur le Directeur Général des Chemins de Fer de l'Etat, Caire, et sous double enveloppe, l'intérieure portant la suscription suivante:

"Offre pour Fourniture de Bois".

L'Administration ne s'engage pas à accepter l'offre la plus basse, ni à donner suite aux soumissions présentées, et elle se réserve le droit de diviser la commande.

Le Caire, le 1er Juillet 1907. 30578-2-1

AVIS

L'Administration a l'honneur de porter à la connaissance du public qu'elle recevra jusqu'au 1er Octobre 1907, à midi, des offres pour la fourniture de 310,000 (Trois cent dix mille) tonnes Métriques de Charbon Welsh pendant l'année 1908 selon les conditions du Cahier des Charges dont on peut obtenir un exemplaire au Bureau Central du Service des Magasins à Boulac (Caire) et aux Magasins de Gabbari (Alexandrie) contre paiement de cent millimes.

Les offres devront être accompagnées d'une feuille de papier timbré de 30 Millimes. Elles seront adressées par la poste sous pli recommandé à:—

Monsieur le Directeur Général
Chemins de Fer de l'Etat,
Le Caire.

et sous double enveloppe, l'intérieure portant la suscription suivante:—

"Offre pour Charbon."

L'Administration ne s'engage pas à accepter l'offre la plus basse, ni à donner suite aux soumissions présentées. Elle se réserve le droit de diviser le contrat.

Le Caire, le 4 Juillet 1907. 30593-2-1

Sudan Government

NOTICE.

Persons importing Egyptian Labourers to work in the Sudan are recommended to enter into a written contract with them. This contract should be explained and signed by the Labourers in the presence of an official or other reliable witness.

28288A-80-10-967

Commercial & Financial Supplement

"Egyptian Gazette."

The Commercial and Financial Supplement of the "Egyptian Gazette" is published at midday every Saturday in time for the Austrian Lloyd's mail. The supplement contains exhaustive and important reviews of the cotton, cotton seed, and stock and share markets, with all the latest statistics up to the evening of the preceding day, complete tabular forms of the various market fluctuations, and the copies of the official telegrams of the Liverpool Cotton Association, etc., etc. Subscription for one year P.T. 100 (inclusive of postage in Egypt for abroad the postage is P.T. 10 extra). For further particulars apply to the Manager of the "Egyptian Gazette."

Cheap Prepaid Advertisements.

Under this heading advertisements are inserted at the following rates:—

	ONCE	3 TIMES	6 TIMES
15 words	P.T. 5	P.T. 10	P.T. 15
30 words	" 8	" 16	" 24
Every 10 words, beyond 30.	" 2	" 4	" 6

The address is counted. The advertisement must appear on consecutive days for above rates to be obtained. 50% extra is charged, the advertisements not appearing consecutively.

All such advertisements must be prepaid, and to this rule no exception whatever will be made. Letters in reply to a verification will be posted to any address if a few stamps are sent by the advertiser to cover postage.

AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIAL AND TRADE MARKS REGISTER—A useful business directory containing addresses of all important business firms of Great Britain, the Continent, and Egypt, circulating all over Europe and America. Price—One pound Sterling. Post Free. AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL HOTEL GUIDE sent post free to all first class Hotels throughout Europe, America, the Colonies and Egypt. The best reference book for travellers.

BOARD & LODGING in English family required for single young man. Write stating full terms to No. 30601 "Egyptian Gazette" Alexandria. 30601-3-3

BORMAN & CO. Suits to measure at prices to suit the times. Soudan drill suits P.T. 200 to measure. 30612-6-2

BORMAN & CO. The Alexandria Lending Library, over 1,400 books. Catalogues on application. 30613-6-2

DOCTOR ABDULLAH EL YAMANI, Professor of Arabic Mental Science, is staying at El Baghallah Said Zebab District, Cairo, Harat Oum Naoum No. 9. He has had wonderful success with all medical diseases and complaints, and is well known in Upper and Lower Egypt. Hundreds of testimonials from grateful patients. Hours of Consultation from 8 am. to 1 pm. 30587-6-6

ENGLISH YOUNG LADY requires afternoon lessons for children not under seven years of age. Apply No. 30592 "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30592-3-2

FURNISHED HOUSE to let at Bulkeley, 3 to 4 months, rent very moderate, ground and upper floor, small garden, five minutes from station. Further particulars to Borman & Co. Alexandria. 30614-6-2

FURNISHED HOUSE to let at San Stephano for 3 or more months. Excellent position near sea; 3 minutes from tram. Electric light. Apply No. 30588 "Egyptian Gazette" Alexandria. 30588-6-6

FOR SALE. A beautiful Bay Saddle horse, veterinary inspection allowed. Carries lady or gentlemen. Apply to Rowden, No. 3 Palace Road, Hadra. Telephone 894. 30598-3-3

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE of Ironmongery Sanitary requisites, etc., at Messrs. Edgar Kirby & Co., opposite British Army Headquarters, Cairo. Stock must be cleared. Great reductions. 30554-12-11

IBRAHIMIEH. To let for season cool, detached house, 7 rooms, occupying a high position in own grounds. Bathing hut on shore. Rent moderate. Apply W. T. "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30590-6-5

M. C. L. INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, Ciccolani's Garden. Stock of Chairs and other articles in basket work, Deck Lounges, etc. Ladies Travelling baskets, any size, made to order at less than charged for imported articles and of more durable quality. Order at the School, or Mellor's, SE. Mark's Buildings. 29982-24-24

NURSE, experienced, take baby from 1 month, highly recommended. Mademoiselle, Maison McMurdo, Kasr Doubara, Cairo. 30511-3-2

RIDING LESSONS, and Saddle horses, at Rowden's, No. 3 Palace Road, Hadra. Telephone 894. 30599-6-3

SMART RUBBER TYRED CARRIAGES for hire at Rowden's, No. 3 Palace Road, Hadra. Telephone 894. 30600-6-3

THE "SPHINX" PRINTING PRESS, the British Printers, Khedivial Buildings, Boulac Road, Cairo. 30232-9-5-908

TWO well furnished rooms to let, good locality, electric light. Apply No. 30588 "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30588-6-6

WANTED. Assistant house-keeper, German preferred, for College. Apply American Mission, Schutz, Ramlah. 30602-3-3

WANTED—A dry bedroom for lady in respectable family at Mohareem Bay. Apply No. 30616 "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30616-3-1

New Khedivial Hotel, CAIRO.

First family Hotel, built in

EXPORT MANIFESTS

For MALTA and HAMBURG, by the S.S. Tinos, sailed on the 29th June :
Various, 239 bags oil cake, 737 bags crusca, 454 bags bran, 24 bags lentils, 24 bags nuts, 645 bags bones, 43 bags herbs, 10 bags wheat, 154 bales skins, 27 bales gum, 59 bales palms, 24 cases cigarettes, 150 empty cylinders, 118 packages empty bags, 33 bales caoutchouc, 302 packages sundries

FOR HAMBURG
Mohr and Fenderl, 62 bales cotton
Schmid and Co., 31 " "
R. and O. Lindemann, 50 " "
Choremi, Benachi and Co., 90 " "
Carver Bros. and Co. Ltd, 211 " "
A. Hess and Co., 50 " "
494 bales cotton

FOR ROTTERDAM
Mohr and Fenderl, 210 bales cotton
R. and O. Lindemann, 415 " "
625 bales cotton

For BRINDISI and VENICE, by the S.S. Nilo, sailed on the 1st July :

FOR VARIOUS PORTS
Various, 69 empty casks

FOR VENICE
Various, 5 packages sundries
G. Frauger and Co., 25 bales cotton
F. Andres, 30 " "
R. and O. Lindemann, 6 " "
Mohr and Fenderl, 50 " "
J. Planta and Co., 25 " "
136 bales cotton

For MANCHESTER, by the S.S. Indian Prince, sailed on the 1st July :

P. Hahnloser and Co., 425 bales cotton
G. Frauger and Co., 75 " "
Mohr and Fenderl, 130 " "
W. Trapp and Co., 10 " "
F. Andres, 25 " "
Carver Bros. and Co. Ltd, 80 " "
Duckworth and Co., 50 " "
E. Mallison and Co., 50 " "
R. Riecken, 50 " "
W. Getty and Co., 75 " "
Peel and Co., 2,704 " "
P. Rodocanachi, 18 " "
3,692 bales cotton

Carver Bros. and Co. Ltd, 250 tons cotton seed
Limassol S.S. Co., 137 bags barley
J. Ross and Co., 400 empty casks
Various, 16 packages sundries

For PIREUS and ODESSA, by the S.S. Reine Olga, sailed on the 2nd July :

FOR ODESSA
Various, 90 bags rice, 25 bags beans, 12 bags Sudan beans, 14 packages henna, 36 packages sundries
P. Hahnloser and Co., 105 bales cotton
R. and O. Lindemann, 445 " "
Choremi, Benachi and Co., 60 " "
Mohr and Fenderl, 455 " "
E. Mallison and Co., 302 " "
R. Riecken, 200 " "
J. Planta and Co., 35 " "
Carver Bros. and Co. Ltd, 64 " "
1,666 bales cotton

FOR PIREUS
W. Getty and Co., 50 bales cotton

For MESSINA and GENOVA, by the S.S. Orione, sailed on the 4th July :

FOR VARIOUS PORTS
M. Chafchach, 20 bags rice
Behrend and Co., 100 bags sugar
Various, 12 packages sundries
FOR GENOA
A. Bircher, 20 fardes gum
Various, 2 packages sundries
R. and O. Lindemann, 31 bales cotton
J. Planta and Co., 92 " "
Carver Bros. and Co. Ltd, 62 " "
Mohr and Fenderl, 31 " "
216 bales cotton

Telephone Company of Egypt, Limited.

CAIRO-ALEXANDRIA TELEPHONE.—Rates as follows:—P.T. 5 for each 3 minutes, or fraction of 3 minutes P.T. 10 over 3 up to 8 minutes communication.—PUBLIC CALL OFFICES: Cairo, Central Office, Opera Square and New Bar; Helouan, Central Office, Maison Peruis; Alexandria, St. Mark's Buildings, Egyptian Bar, I. Castelli & Co.; Ramleh, Central Office, San Stefano Casino. 30-4-907

THE TOCCO'S EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

CAIRO. NICOLAS D. TOCCOS. ALEXANDRIA.

DR. LE CLERO'S PILLS

For the Liver & Kidneys
are an infallible and reliable remedy for diseases of these important organs, gout, rheumatism, gravel, pains in the back and kindred ailments (arising on constitutional). Sold by principal chemists, not in loose quantities, but only in boxes, price 2s. 6d. bearing the British Government Stamp with the words *Eugene Le Clerc*, impressed thereon to protect the public from fraud.

DR. LE CLERO'S SOAP.

Medical, antiseptic, used and recommended by eminent dermatologists in the treatment of eczema, itching, pruritus, skin eruptions, itching, itching and irritating skin, haemorrhoids, baby sores, etc., also as a prophylactic against the risk of contagion. It is a perfectly safe and efficacious general skin cleanser, and is especially recommended for the purpose of shaving in the case of pimples, spots, freckles, etc. Price 1s. 6d. Sold by W. J. Fischer, Cairo and Alexandria.

NOLIS

RUE			
Cérelas	Shgs.	1/9	4
Tourbeaux	Shgs.	7/	1
Graines de coton	Shgs.	8/	1
Oignons	Shgs.	—	—
LONDRES			
Cérelas	Shgs.	1/9	4
Tourbeaux	Shgs.	7/	1
Graines de coton	Shgs.	8/	1
Oignons	Shgs.	—	—
PORTS DIRECTS			
Graines de coton	Shgs.	9/6	4
Cérelas	Shgs.	2/6	4
LIVERPOOL			
Coton	Shgs.	11/6	4
Cérelas	Shgs.	1/6	4
Tourbeaux	Shgs.	7/	1
Graines de coton	Shgs.	9/	1
Oignons	Shgs.	10/	1
CONTINENT (NANTES-DUNKERQUE)			
Graines de coton (Dunkerque)	Fr.	10	4
(Nantes)	Fr.	10	4
Fèves	Fr.	10	4
Oignons	Fr.	7	4
MARSEILLE			
Fèves	Fr.	7-4	—
Graines de coton	Fr.	7	—
DESTINATIONS DIVERSES			
Coton (Cérelas, Tréport, Venise)	Fr.	2	—
Barcelone	Fr.	2-35	—
Le Havre	Fr.	3	—
Dunkerque	Fr.	2-50	—
Amers	Fr.	2	—
Hambourg	Fr.	20-4	22-50
St. Petersburg	Fr.	25	—
New-York	Fr.	25	—
Bombay	Fr.	25	—
Alexandrie, le 4 juillet 1907.			

Direction Generale des DOUANES EGYPTIENNES

TARIF D'EXPORTATION pour le mois de Juillet 1907

DESIGNATION	Unité	Prix du mode courant
Coton	p. cantar	3 440
Graines de Coton	ardeb	0 720
Ris Saadi et Bédier	ardeb	0 375
Fèves Saadi et Bédier	ardeb	0 945
Lentilles	ardeb	0 980
Maïs	ardeb	0 650
Orge	ardeb	0 560
Pois chiches	ardeb	1 500
Pois pois	ardeb	1 300
" concassés	ardeb	1 400
elbé	ardeb	1 500
Ris (avec emb.)	ardeb	2 300
Ris en paille	kilo	0 6
Ris bras	ardeb	0 7
Farine No. 1 & 3 (80 okes)	sac	0 900
Sucre blanc (en pains)	centar	0 560
" (grand more)	centar	0 500
" (en poudre) No. 1	centar	0 400
" rouge (Farouch) en pains	centar	0 240
" en poudre	centar	0 220
Cotons Afrité et écart pour		
Turquie		1 500

Prix des sacs.

Qualité indienne :		
A coton de 3 livres P.T. 5	—	—
" 3 1/2	5 3/4	—
A céréales	3 10/40	—
" 3 1/2	4 20/40	—
" 5	5 3/4	—

A BROKEN-DOWN SYSTEM.
This is a condition (or disease) to which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand. It is simply weakness—a break-down, a failure of the vital forces that sustain the system. No matter what may be its cause (for they are almost numberless), it is a general ailment, and the more prominent being, sleeplessness, sense of prostration or weariness, depression of spirits and want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life. Now, what alone is absolutely essential in all such cases is *rest* and *energy*.

VITAL STRENGTH & ENERGY
to throw off these morbid feelings, and experience proves that as night succeeds the day this may be more certainly secured by a course of the celebrated life-reviving tonic.

THERAPION No. 3
than by any other known combination. So surely as it is taken in accordance with the printed directions accompanying it, will the shattered health be restored.

THE EXPIRING LAMP OF LIFE
LIGHTED UP AFRESH
and a new existence imparted in place of what had so lately seemed worn-out, "used up," and valueless. This wonderful medicine is purely vegetable and innocuous, is agreeable to the taste, suitable for all ages, sexes and conditions, and it is difficult to imagine a case of disease or derangement, whose main features are those of debility, that will not be speedily and permanently benefited by this never-failing recuperative essence, which is destined to cast into oblivion everything that had preceded it for this wide-spread and numerous class of human ailments.

THERAPION
is sold by Chemists throughout the world. Price in England 2s. 6d. and 4s. Purchasers should see that the word "THERAPION" appears on British Government Stamp in white letters on a red ground affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

Sold by R. Del Mar, Alexandria, Cairo & Port Said

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SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR
Messrs. RUSTON, PROCTOR & CO., LIMITED, LINCOLN.
Fixed and Portable Steam and Oil Engines, Corn Mills, Patent Threshing Machines.
Messrs. PLATT BROTHERS & CO., LIMITED, OLDHAM.
Cotton Ginning Machinery.
Messrs. JOHN FOWLER & CO., LIMITED, LEEDS.
Steam Ploughing Machinery and Sundries.
THE CENTRAL CYCLONE CO., LIMITED, LONDON.
Grinding and Pulverising Machinery.
Messrs. CAMMELL, LAIRD & CO., LD., OF SHEFFIELD.
Steel Balls, springs, buffers, &c. — Patent sand blast files.
Messrs. MERRYWEATHER & SONS, LONDON.
Steam and Manual Fire Engines.
Messrs. F. REDDAWAY & CO., LD., PENDLETON, MANCHESTER.
The Camel Brand Belting, etc., etc.
Ratner's Safes.
THE ENGELBERG RICE HULLER.
Gilkes Vortex Turbine.
Messrs. A. RANSOME & CO., LIMITED, NEWARK-ON-TRANT
Wood Working Machinery and Appliances.
McCOORMICK'S REAPERS & MOWERS.
PLANET JUNIOR AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
Horse, Road, Drills, etc., etc.
OLIVER PLOUGHS.
Agent in Cairo: M. A. FATTUOOL.
Agent in Khartoum: RIETI & BERTELLI.


MAKE YOUR OWN BRICKS AND SAVE TRANSPORT COSTS.
The "PROGRESS" Hand-power Brick Press.



Two men and a boy can make and stack from 5,000 to 7,000 bricks a day, after a little practice.
Pressure 12 to 15 tons per brick.
Two bricks made by each stroke of the lever.
Especially suitable for making green bricks from semi-dry clay or other soil. We will report on suitability of soil if samples are submitted to us.
The press is packed for shipment fitted together.
It can be used immediately you get it. No expert fitting required. Very strongly built. Cannot get out of order. Most of the wearing parts reversible. Gross weight—packed in one case—9 cwt.
RUDHALL & CO., 16, Mark Lane, LONDON, E.C.

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YOUNGS, RYLAND STREET WORKS, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.



MAKERS OF
LIFTING & HOISTING APPLIANCES.
Hydraulic Specialities.
Write for Catalogue No. 73

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Sharia el Cherifein No 1 pres la National Bank, LE CAIRE.

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Telephone 1542.
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DIXON BROS. & HUTCHINSON, LTD.
WOOLSTON SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.
Whose directors have been making a personal study of Egyptian Requirements, are in an exceptional position to supply
Motor Boats, Motor Barges, Motor Dahabeahs and PETROL MOTORS for irrigation or electric light.
8/21—31-5-907

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Portable and Permanent Railways. — Passenger and Goods Cars. TIPPING AND PLATFORM WAGGONS FOR ALL PURPOSES. LOCOMOTIVES FROM 10—600 H.P. LARGE STOCK OF RAILS, TRUCKS AND LOCOMOTIVES ALWAYS KEPT IN ALEXANDRIA
Machinery Department.
THE BRITISH WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD. a kinds of Electric Machinery & Electric Installations.
J. KEMNA-BREGLAU: Steam Ploughs — Road Rollers.
W.T. HENLEY'S TELEGRAPH WORKS Co., LTD., LONDON Cables pour courants de basse et de haute tension.
E. KIRCHNER & Co., Leipzig: Wood Working Machinery.
Wire Ropeways "BLEICHERT". Safes "PANZER".
Pulverisers—Injectors—Central Heating Installations.
OFFICES: CAIRO: Chareh el Madabegh 13 (Colonel Buildings).
ALEXANDRIA: Porte Rosette-street, 5.
KHARTOUM: Victoria Avenue.

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LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD OF
SAFES
Strong Room Doors, Strong Rooms, Safe Deposits, Bankers' Security Work, Steel Office Furniture, Party Wall Doors, Cash, Dead & Paper Boxes, Locks, etc.
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ENGINEERS, BOULAC, CAIRO, ALEXANDRIA.
MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, ALSO SHIPBUILDERS, & CO. & CO. All classes of engineering work and supply of stores undertaken. Pontoon Dock for raising vessels of the largest size.
BOULAC ENGINE WORKS
BAYONNE AT SHARIA BAB-EL-HADEED (CAIRO), ALEXANDRIA AND KHARTOUM
SOLE AGENTS IN EGYPT FOR
RICHARD GARRITT & SONS, LTD.
Portable and semi-portable steam engines, Road rollers, Drilling and straw-cutting machines.
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Patent Steam and Manual Fire Engines.
NOBEL'S EXPLOSIVES CO., LTD.
Gelatin, Nitro-glycerine, Dynamite, safety fuse, etc. "Blasting" and "Blasting" Cartridges.
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Machine belting of every description, leather, rubber, cotton and Balais.
TANGYES LIMITED (SOLE VENDORS.)
Heavy, Oil and Gas Engines, with Producers, Pumps and Machinery of all descriptions.
SPECIALITY:—TANGYES' GAS ENGINES with Producer Plants, COOPER PATENT STEAM DIGGER, specially suitable for small landowners.
Telegraphic Address: "ENGINEER, CAIRO" and "ENGINEER, ALEXANDRIA."
Works Office in town, Sharia Bab-El-Hadeed (CAIRO).
Alexandria Show Rooms, Offices and Stores, Rue de la Gare du Cairo No. 1. 6021-9

STEINEMANN, MABARDI & CO
The Egyptian Engineering Stores.
MERCHANTS, CONTRACTORS & MACHINERY IMPORTERS, ALEXANDRIA
Sole Agents for Egypt, Asia Minor and Syria for
Messrs. CLAYTON & SHUTTEWORTH, Lincoln, Portable & fixed Engines and Boilers, Corn mills, Sawmilling & Cutting Machines.
Messrs. GALLOWAYS, LIMITED, Manchester.—The Largest Boiler Works in the World. WALTER A. WOOD, Mowing and Reaping Machine Co. Housick Falls, N.Y. (America) Reapers, Mowers, Harvesters & Rakes
PIGNET & Co., Lyons.—French Steam Engines.
AYELET & PORTER, LIMITED, Rochester.—Steam Rollers and Steam Ploughs.
LES TANNERIES LYONNAISES, Oullins (Rhône).—Best Leather Belting.
E. S. HINDLEY, Burton, Dorset.—Vertical Engines and Boilers, specially designed for driving Electric Dynamos & Centrifugal Pumps, etc., etc.
HILLARDET HUGUENOT, Paris.—Electricians.
L. DUMONT, Paris.—Centrifugal pumps.
R. & T. FERUNER, LTD., Ipswich.—Flour Mills.

Egyptian Delta Light Railways.

Goods may be booked from this Company's system of nearly 1000 kilometres of line in the Delta to any stations on the Egyptian State Railways and the Helouan Line.
Public Telegram Messages are also accepted at many stations.
For further information apply to the Company's Offices at Cairo, Alexandria, Tanta, Zagazig, Damanhour or Said Zena

Helouan Branch.—Time Table from 1st May to October 1907.

Cairo	dep.	6.15	7.15	8.15	9.15	10.15	11.15	12.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15	7.15	8.15	9.40	11.30	1.20
(Hel-el-Lat)	arr.	6.24	7.17	8.10	9.02	10.04	11.02	12.06	1.32	2.32	3.32	4.32	5.32	6.32	7.32	8.39	9.57	11.52	1.40
Touhar	arr.	6.26	7.19	8.22	9.34	10.36	11.34	12.38	1.34	2.34	3.34	4.34	5.34	6.34	7.34	8.41	9.58	11.53	1.41
Helouan	arr.	6.44	7.35	8.40	9.50	10.54	11.50	12.56	1.50	2.52	3.52	4.50	5.52	6.50	7.52	8.57	10.14	12.11	1.57
Helouan	dep.	6.15	7.15	8.15	9.15	10.15	11.15	12.15	1.10	2.10	3.10	4.10	5.10	6.10	7.10	8.10	10.30	12.30	
Touhar	dep.	6.18	7.16	8.18	9.26	10.28	11.26	12.28	1.26	2.28	3.28	4.26	5.28	6.26	7.28	8.26	10.48	12.46	
Cairo	dep.	6.20	7.18	8.20	9.28	10.30	11.28	12.30	1.28	2.30	3.30	4.28	5.30	6.28	7.30	8.28	10.50	12.47	
(Hel-el-Lat)	arr.	6.44	7.42	8.15	9.37	10.47	11.45	12.47	1.45	2.47	3.47	4.45	5.47	6.45	7.54	8.45	11.13	1.7	